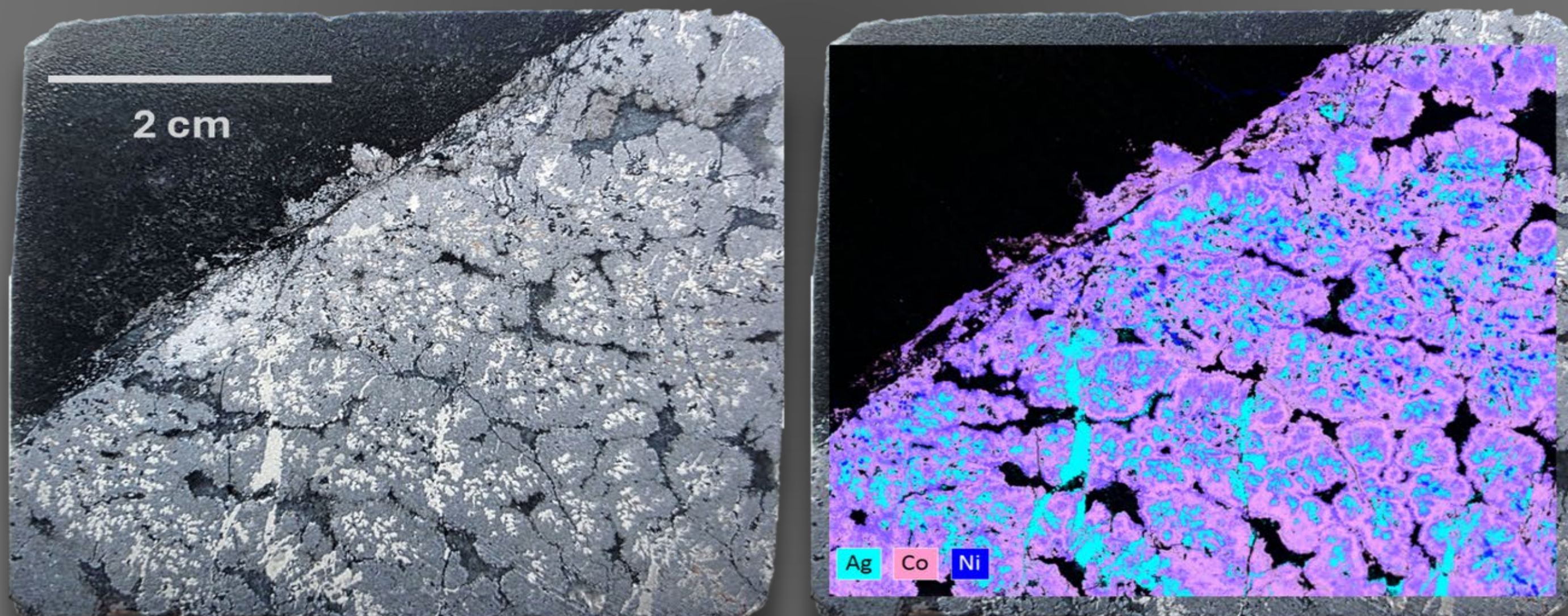


LANGIS & HUDSON BAY SILVER PROJECTS



Core Photograph (left) and micro-XRF map (right) of a 5cm wide piece of vein and wall rock from hole LM-26-290 at 115.65m. Note the distribution of Silver (Ag) within Cobalt (Co) and Nickel (Ni) spheroids. Returning 82,334 g/t silver or 2,647 troy ounces per tonne over 0.5m

SAFE HARBOUR STATEMENT

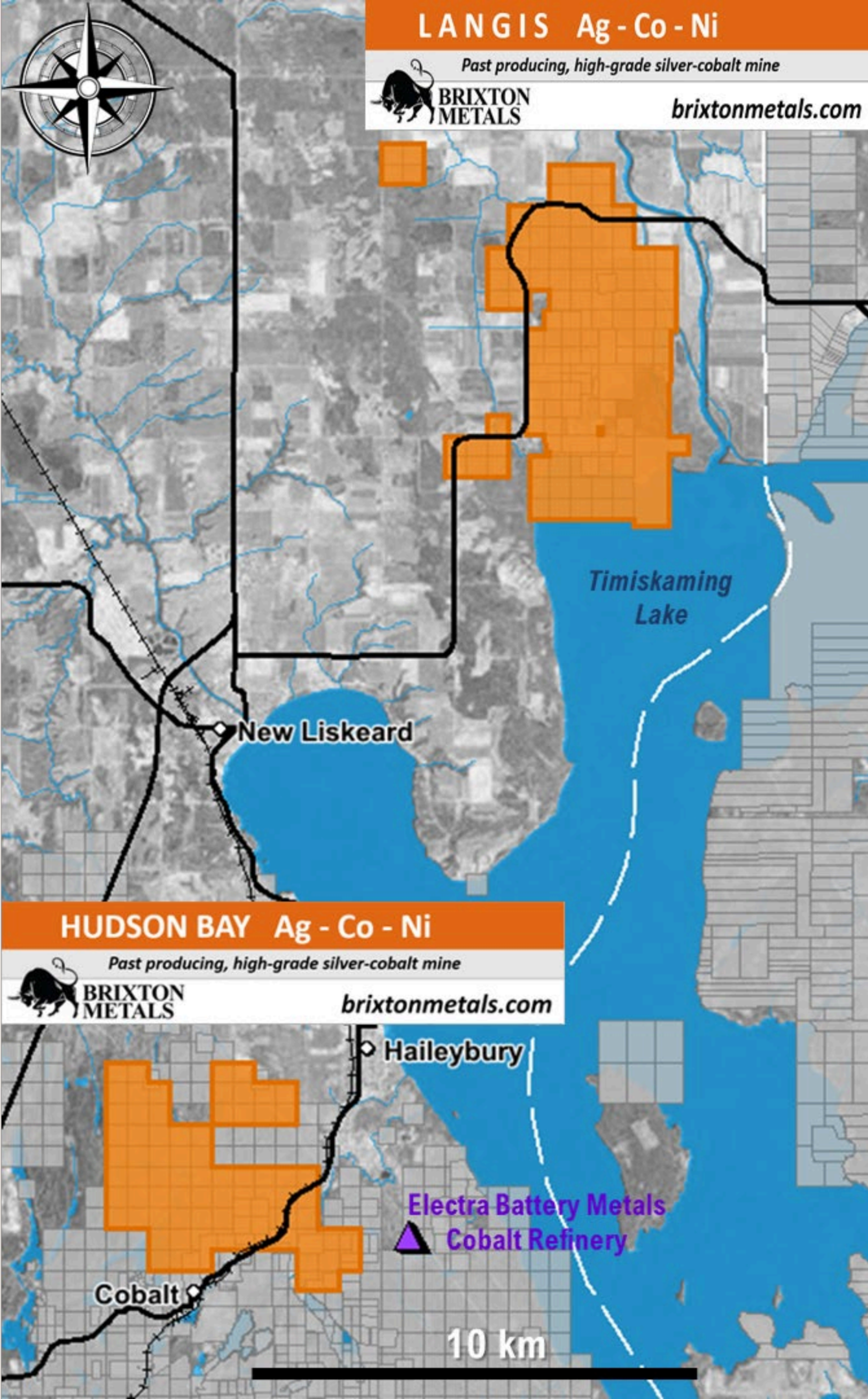
Information set forth in this presentation involves forward-looking statements, including but not limited to comments regarding planned drilling and other exploration, identification of new targets, timelines, predictions and projections. Forward-looking statements are statements that relate to future, not past, events. In this context, forward-looking statements often address expected future business and financial performance, and often contain words such as “anticipate”, “believe”, “plan”, “estimate”, “expect”, and “intend”, statements that an action or event “may”, “might”, “could”, “should”, or “will” be taken or occur, or other similar expressions. By their nature, forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause our actual results, performance or achievements, or other future events, to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Such factors include, among others, the following risks: the need for additional financing; operational risks associated with mineral exploration; fluctuations in commodity prices; title matters; and the additional risks identified on the Company’s website or other reports and filings with the TSX Venture Exchange and applicable Canadian securities regulators. Forward looking statements are based on the Company and its management’s good faith assumptions relating to the financial, market, regulatory and other relevant environments that will exist and affect the Company’s business and operations in the future. Forward-looking statements in this presentation are not guarantees or predictions of future performance. Forward-looking statements are made based on management’s beliefs, estimates and opinions on the date that statements are made, and the Company undertakes no obligation to update forward-looking statements if these beliefs, estimates and opinions or other circumstances should change, except as required by applicable securities laws. Investors are cautioned against attributing undue certainty to forward-looking statements.

Cautionary Note on the Exploration Target; the potential quantity and grade is conceptual in nature and there has been insufficient exploration to define a mineral resource and it is uncertain if further exploration will result in the target being delineated as a mineral resource.

Mr. Gary R. Thompson, P.Geo., Chairman, President and CEO of Brixton Metals Corporation, is the Qualified Person as defined by National Instrument 43-101. Mr. Thompson has verified the referenced data and analytical results disclosed in this Presentation and has approved the scientific and technical information presented herein.

PROJECT LOCATION





LANGIS PROJECT



A BROWNFIELDS PRIMARY SILVER

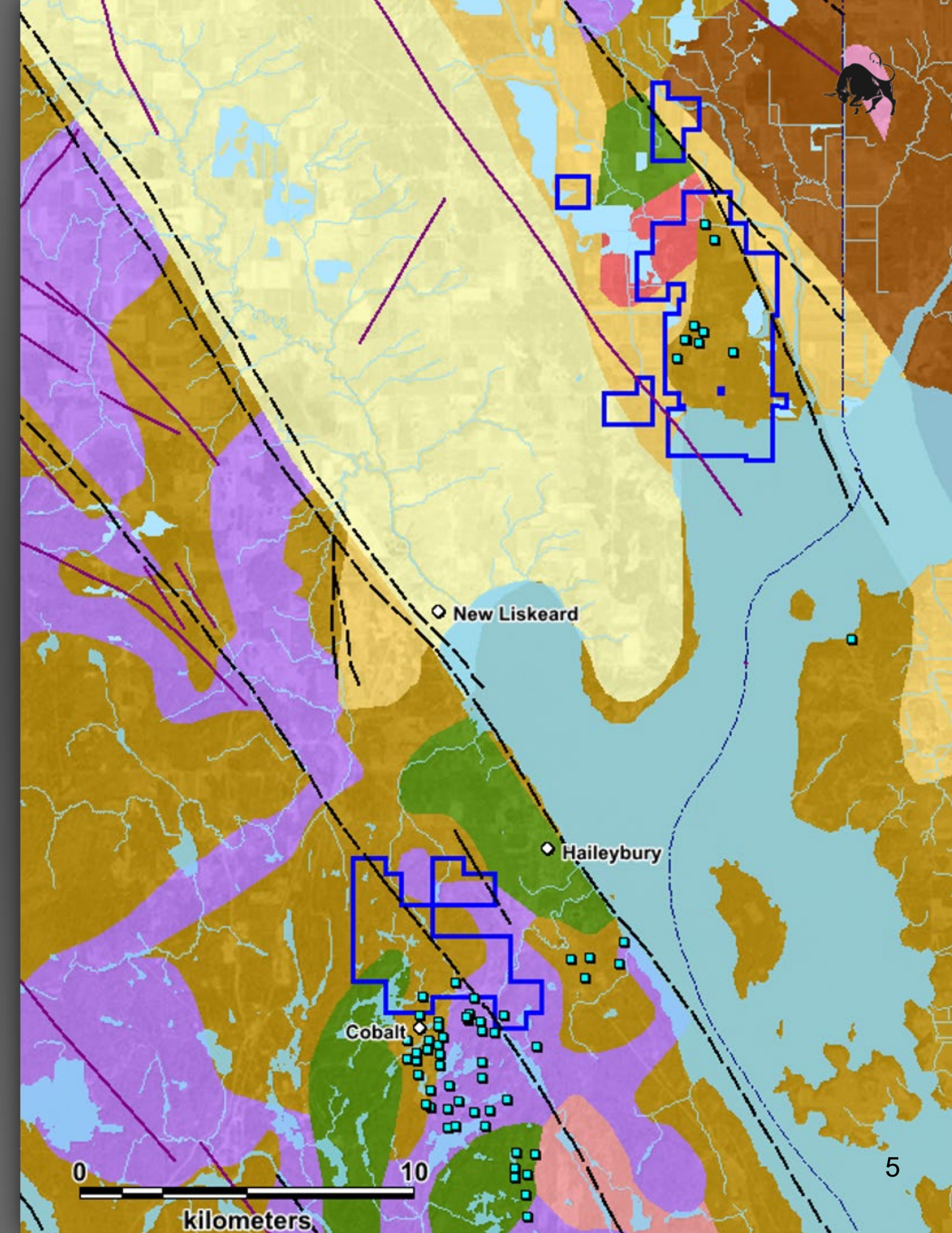
- Two past producing, high-grade silver mines located 500 km from Toronto, Ontario, Canada
- **LANGIS MINE** past production of 10.4 Moz Ag at **25 opt**
- **HUDSON BAY MINE** past production of 6.4 Moz Ag at **123 opt**
- Langis Mine was in operation from 1908 to 1989; closed in 1990 due to low silver price
- Historic mine recoveries ranged from 88% to 98%
- Over 10 km of underground workings at Langis
- Excellent local infrastructure: year-round road access, power, railway and refinery
- Low-cost drilling

REGIONAL GEOLOGY

- The Mining District has produced over 600 Million oz Silver *
- The steeply-dipping, Archean mafic volcanic rocks are overlain unconformably by the flat-lying Proterozoic Cobalt Group sediments, cut by the Nipissing diabase sills. These three units are host to the silver mineralizing system.



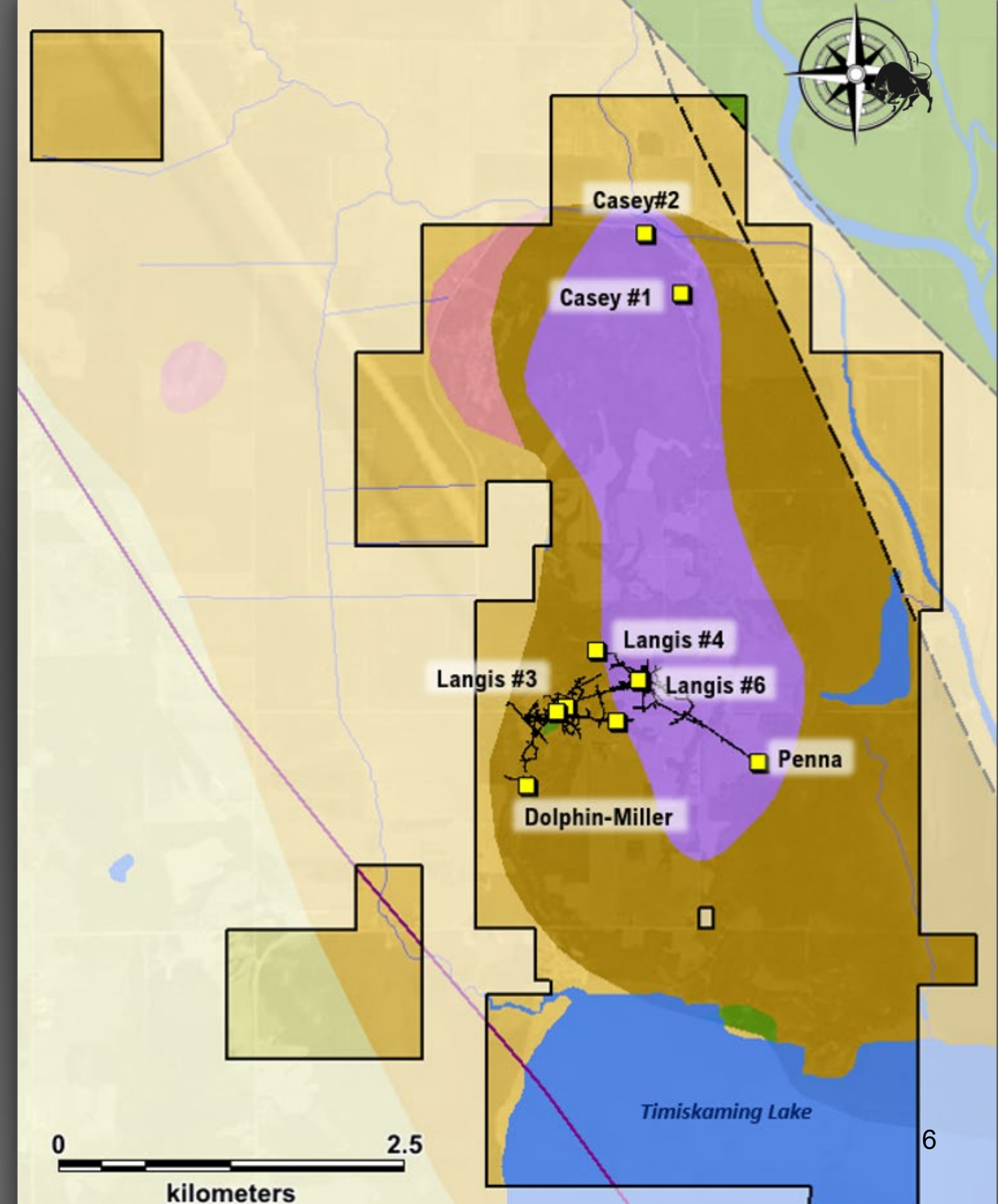
*Joyce, D.K., Vertolli, V., Tait, K.T., Back, M.E., Nicklin, I. (2012). The Cobalt Mining District, Cobalt, Ontario, Canada. The Mineralogical Record. 43(6): 685-713



LANGIS GEOLOGY

- Langis Mine Produced **10.4 Million oz Ag at 25 opt**
- Silver mineralization hosted within all lithologies on the property

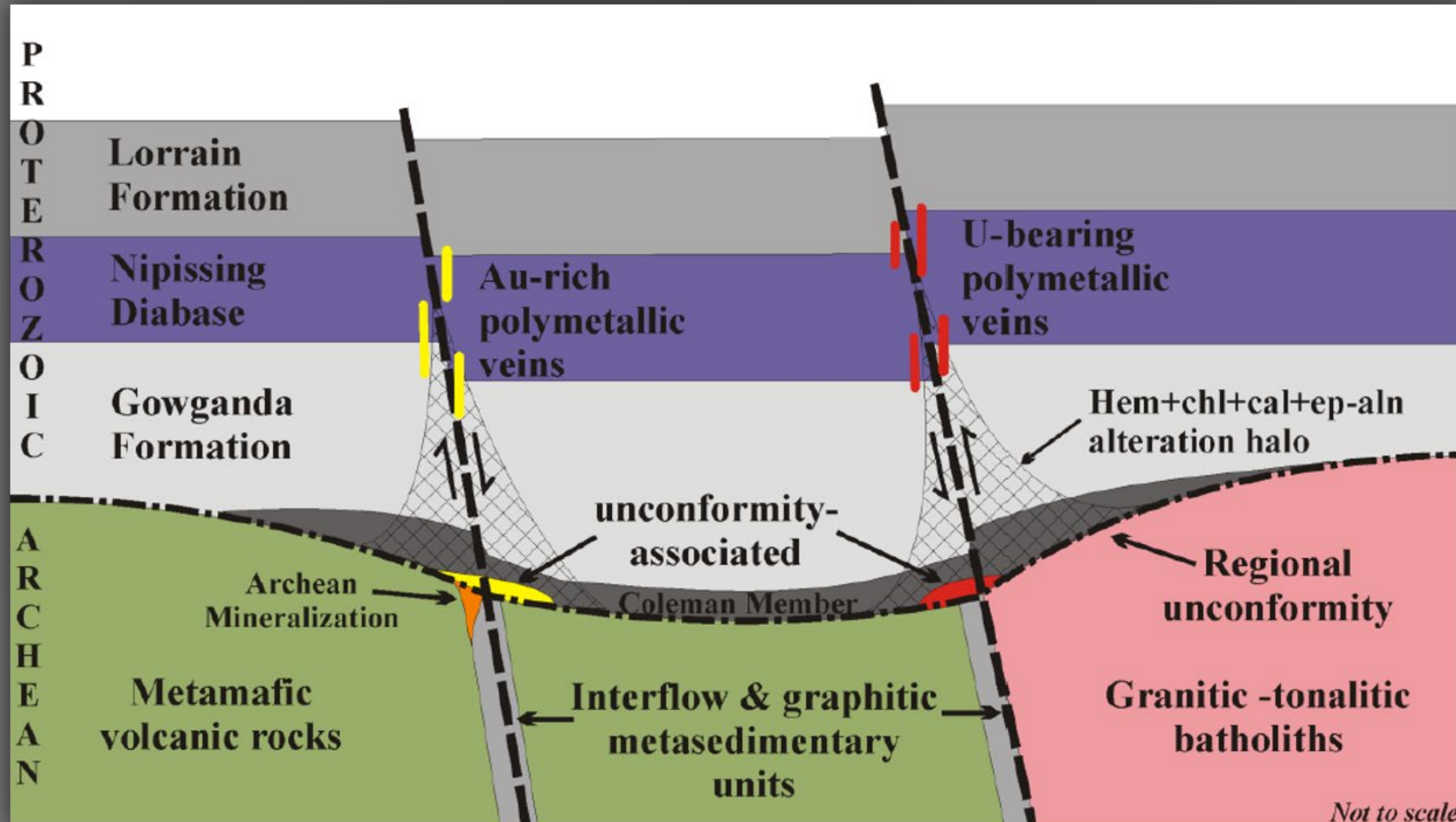
LEGEND



SILVER DEPOSITIONAL SETTING

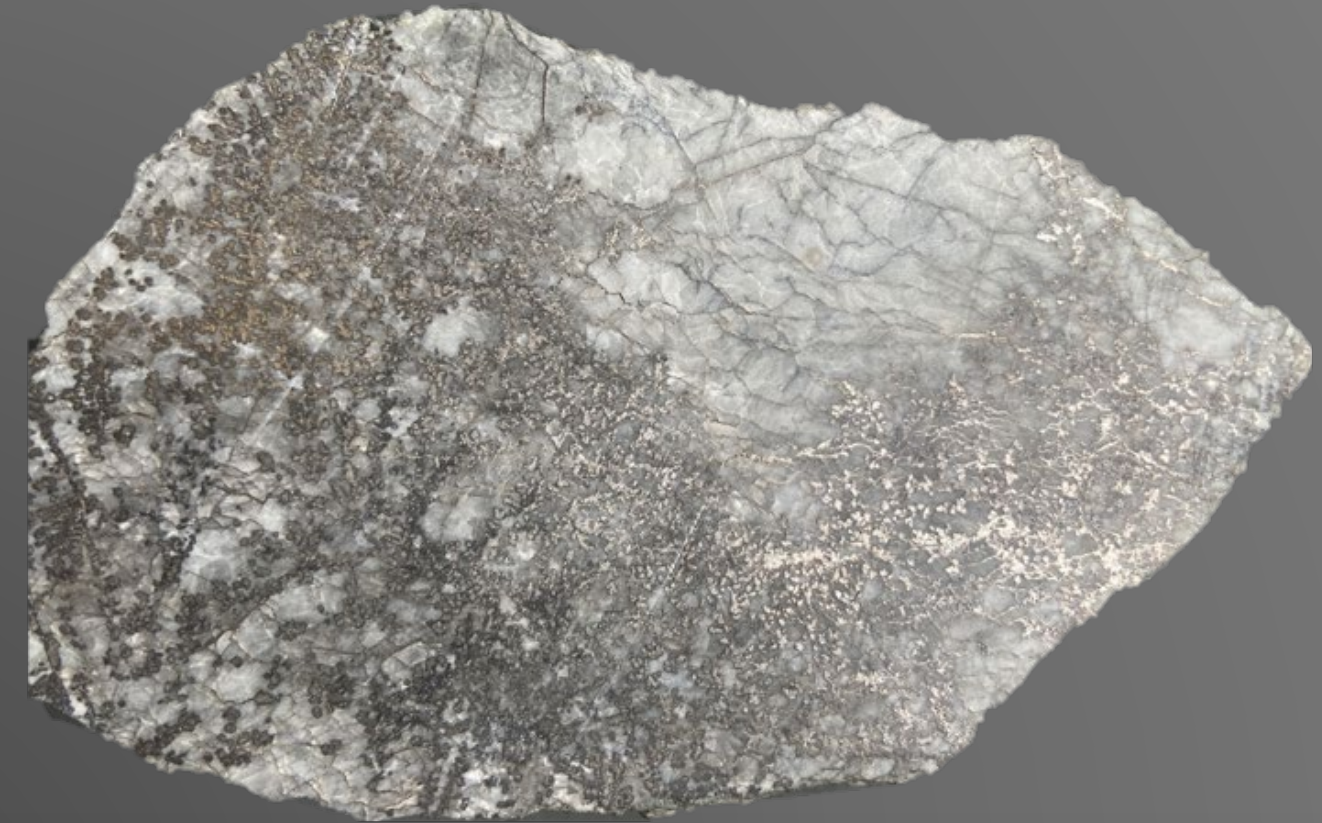
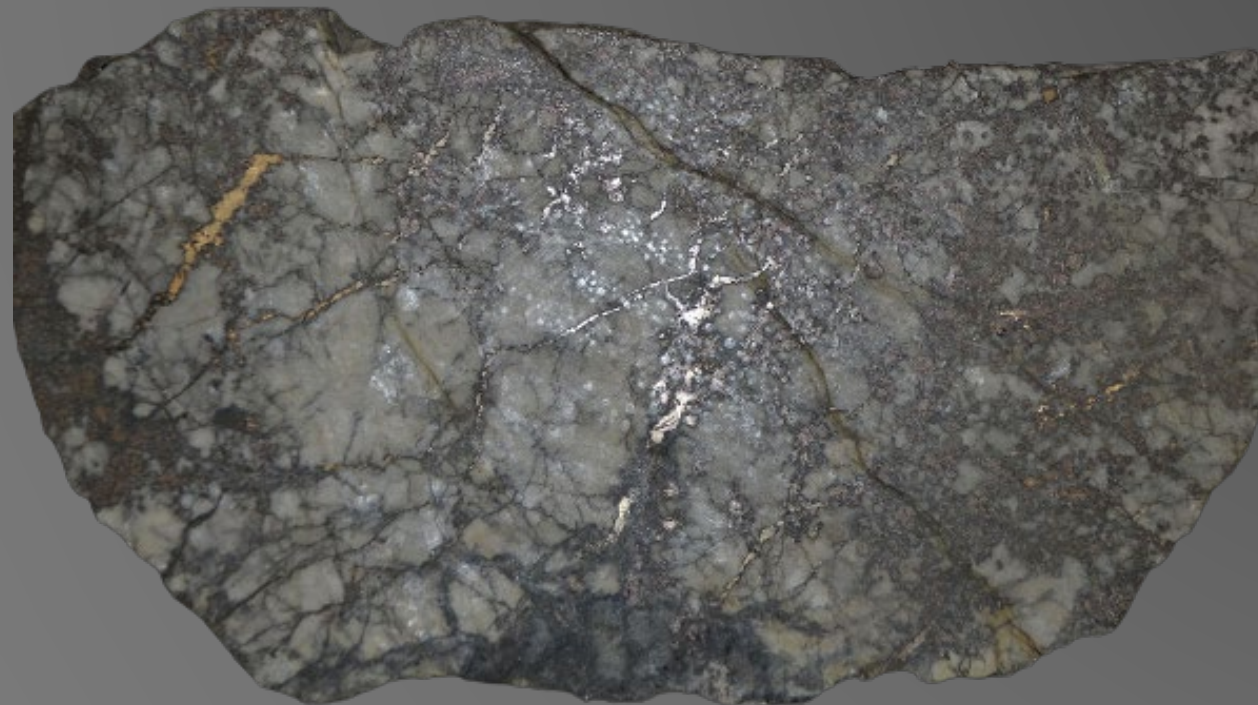


- Continental rift/extensional deposition environment
- Steeply-dipping calcite-quartz veins hosting a polymetallic ore (Ag, Co, Ni, +/- Au/Cu, +/- U)
- Fluids focused at the Proterozoic – Archean unconformity, along reactivated faults
- The **highest-grade cobalt mines** in the world are from the **Cobalt Mining District**, formed in this depositional setting

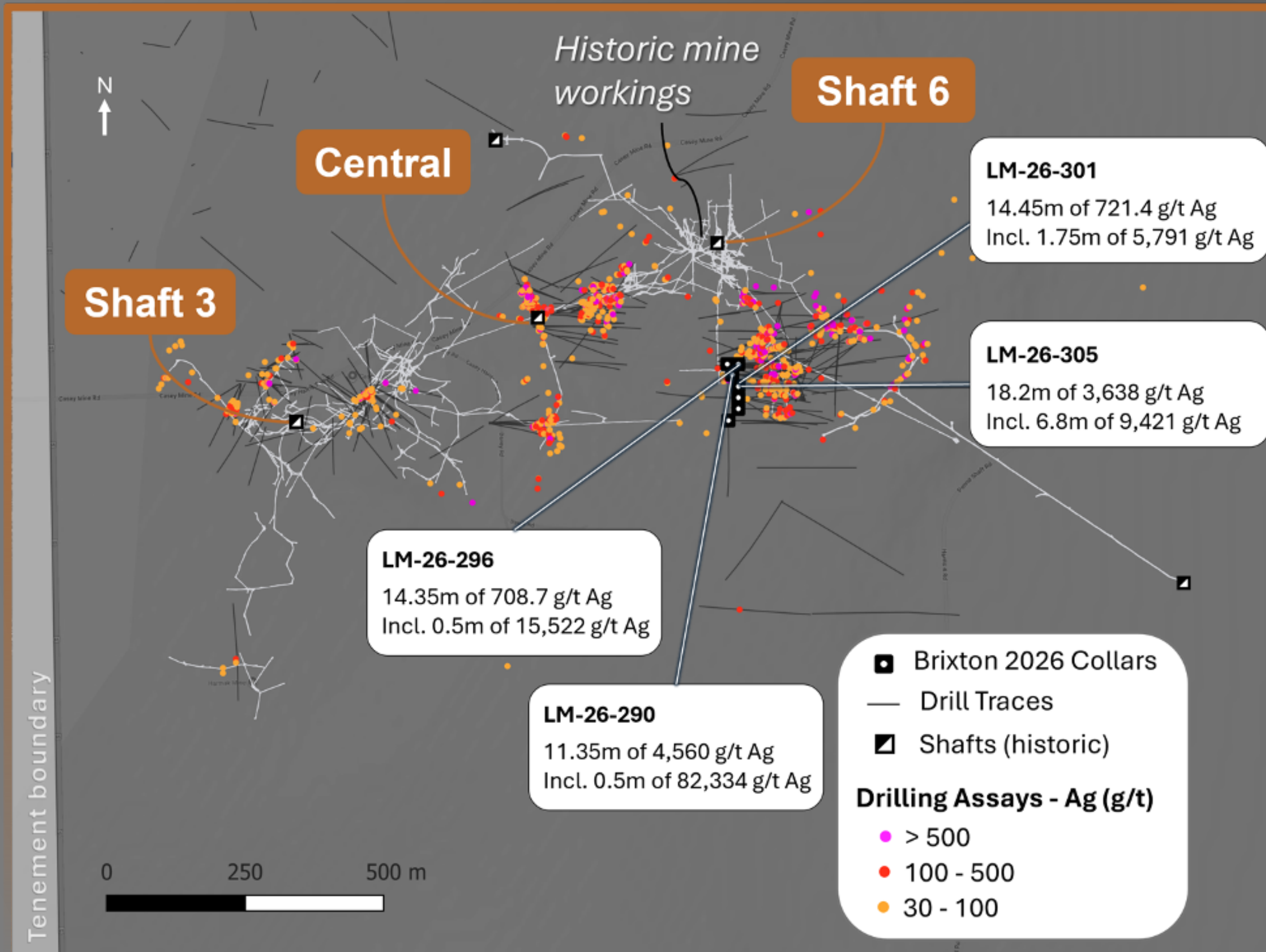


LANGIS HISTORIC WORK

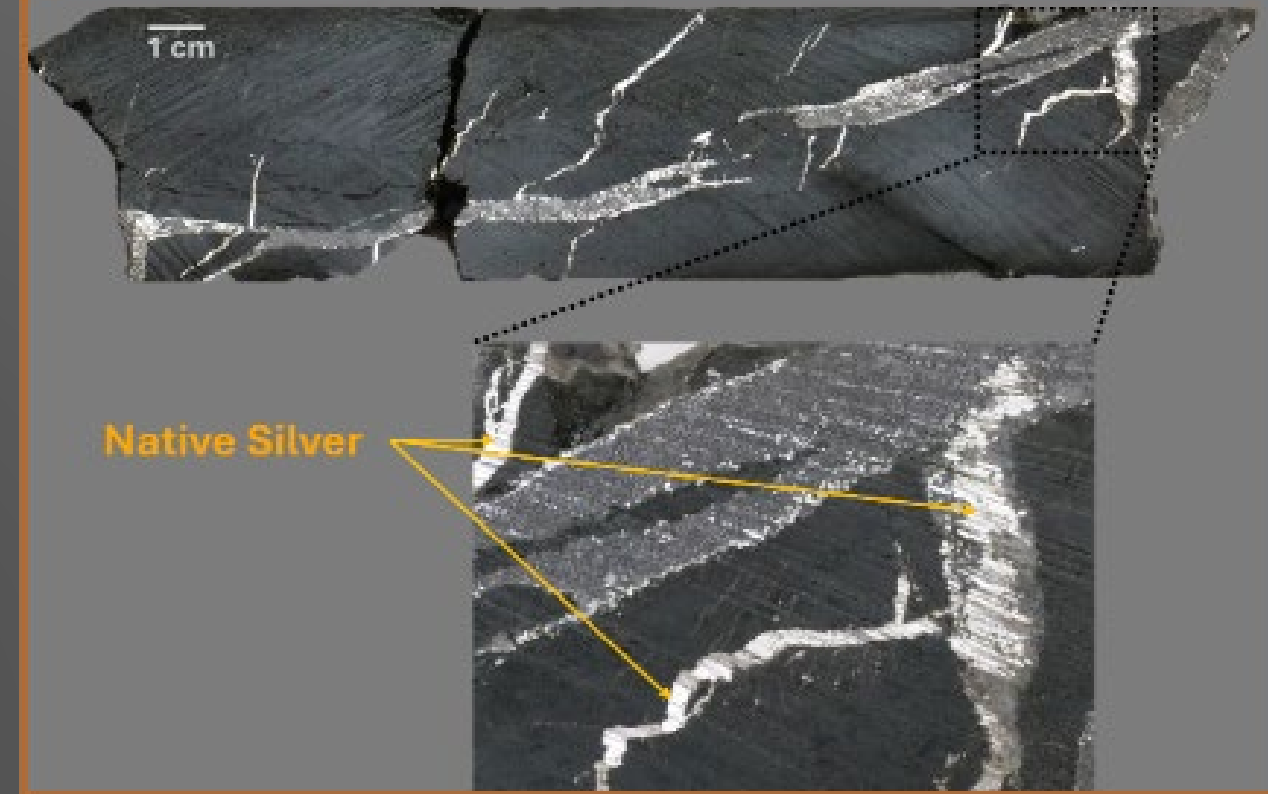
- The Langis Mine was in operation from 1908 to 1989
- The mine closed in 1990 when silver prices dropped to \$5/oz Ag
- Silver-cobalt historic mine recoveries ranged from 88% to 98%. (Assays up to 18% Ag and 16% cobalt)
- Over 10 km of underground workings at Langis
- Historic workings currently flooded



LANGIS SILVER PROJECT



Core from LM-26-305 at 121.3m



Core from LM-26-290 at 115.25m



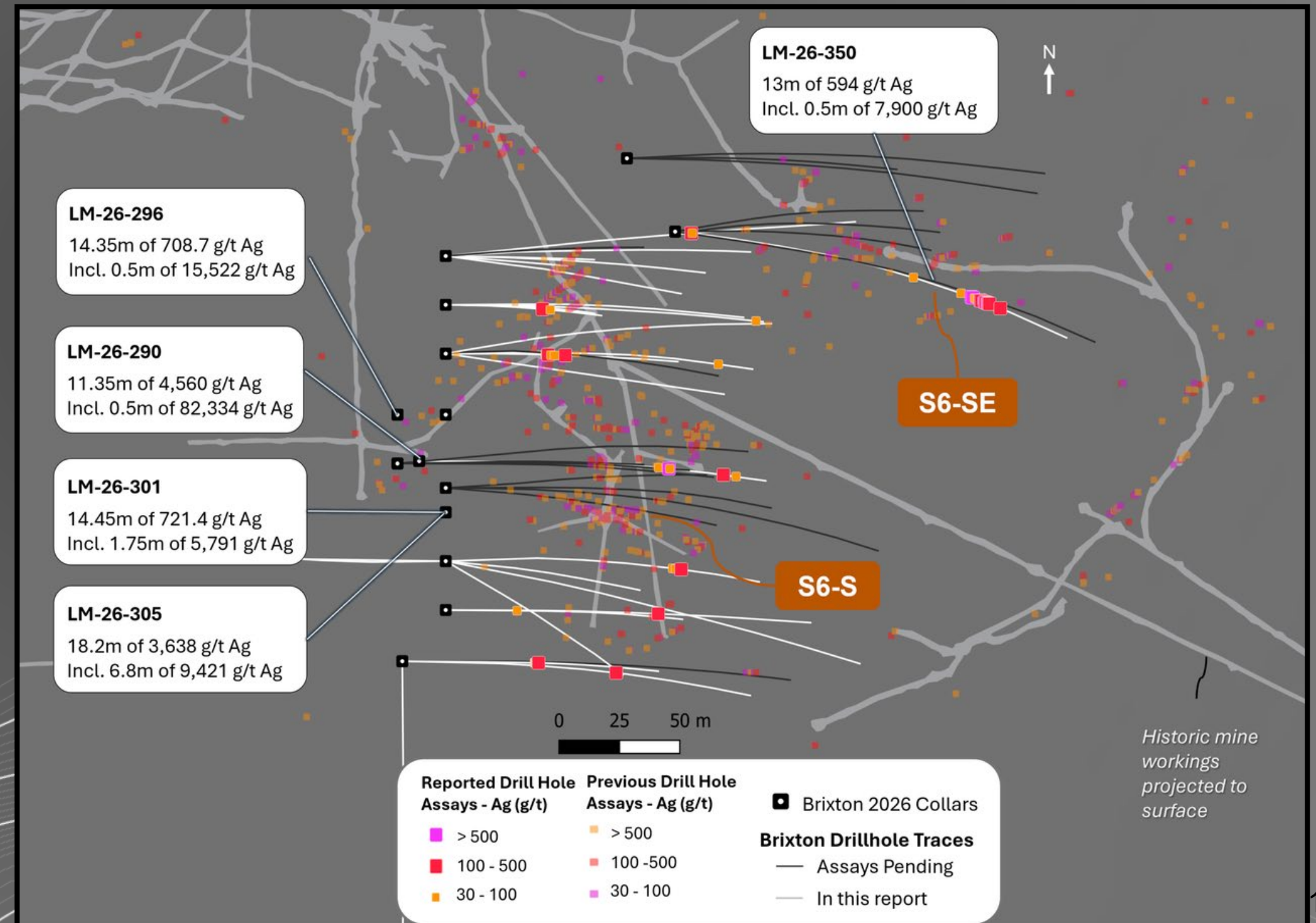
LANGIS SILVER PROJECT – DRILLING



- Silver mineralization occurs as native silver in veins, veinlets, blebs and rosettes
- LM-26-290 intersected two veins of massive native silver associated with cobalt- and nickel bearing minerals
- Expanding to two drill rigs to meet goal of a minimum 60,000m of drilling

Previous drilling highlights 2016-2022

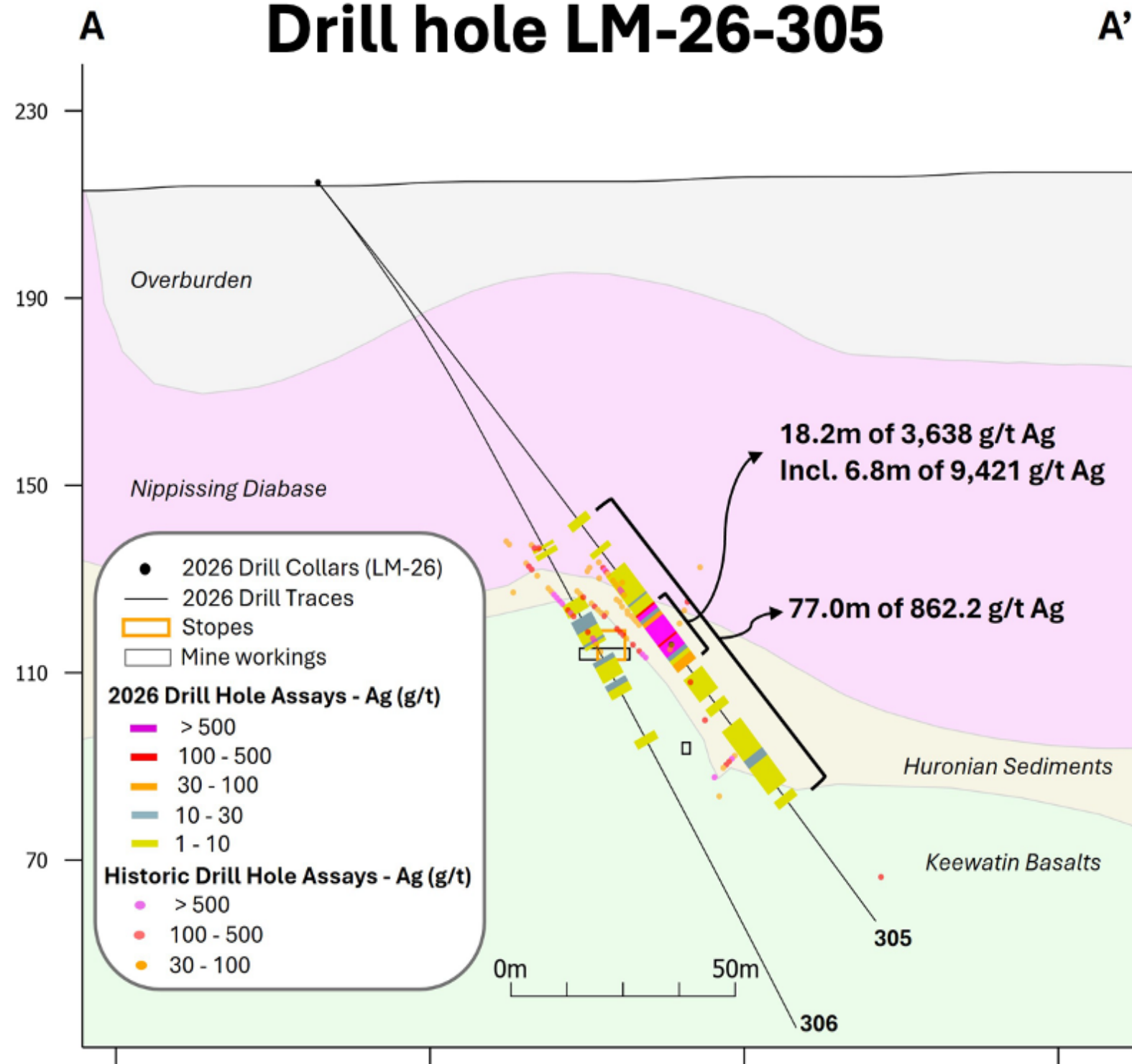
Area	Hole ID	From meter	To meter	Interval meter	Silver g/t
Shaft 3	LM-18-042	13.00	24.00	11.00	2592.88
	including	19.00	23.00	4.00	7018.75
Shaft 3	LM-20-083	6.00	24.00	18.00	363.21
	including	11.00	17.00	6.00	1078.82
Shaft 3	LM-20-133	16.60	33.60	17.00	970.46
	including	16.60	27.60	11.00	1289.00
	including	30.60	31.60	1.00	1500.00
Shaft 3	LM-20-131	8.90	33.90	25.00	282.70
	including	8.90	14.90	6.00	1115.02
	LM-18-044	9.00	22.00	13.00	504.52
Central	including	12.00	18.00	6.00	1031.75
	LM-22-283	163.50	190.50	27.00	348.53
Central	including	165.00	174.00	9.00	1037.43
Shaft 6	LM-18-016	149.00	166.60	17.60	1251.18
	including	159.56	160.56	1.00	15436.00
Shaft 6	LM-16-003	179.41	188.51	9.10	720.40
	including	179.41	185.47	6.06	1007.07
Shaft 6	LM-18-039	183.10	195.00	11.90	536.63
	including	187.10	192.00	4.90	1155.14
Shaft 6	LM-21-219	117.80	188.80	71.00	120.91
	including	135.80	139.80	4.00	1186.00
	including	141.80	142.80	1.00	1490.00



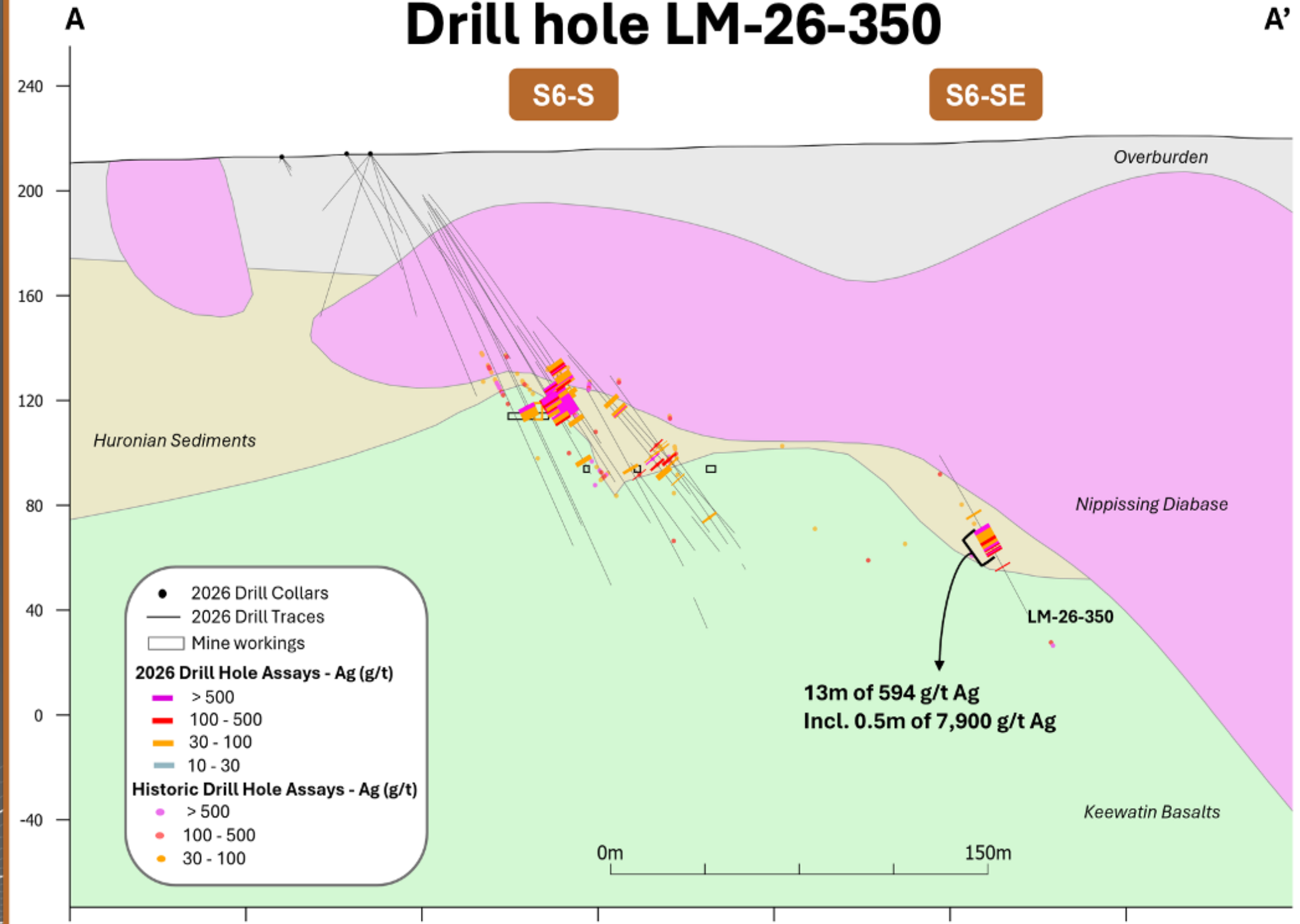
LANGIS SILVER PROJECT – CROSS SECTIONS



Drill hole LM-26-305



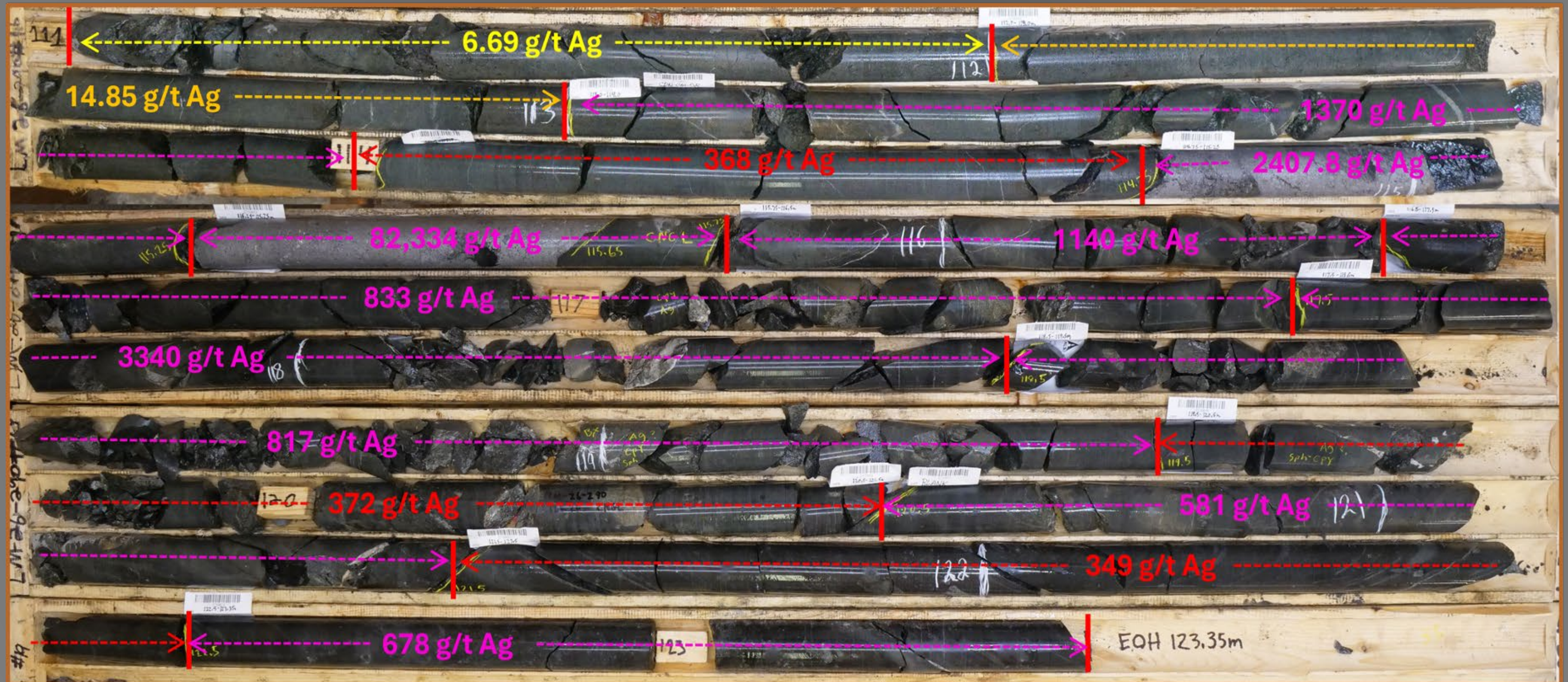
Drill hole LM-26-350



LANGIS SILVER PROJECT – DRILL HOLE LM-26-290

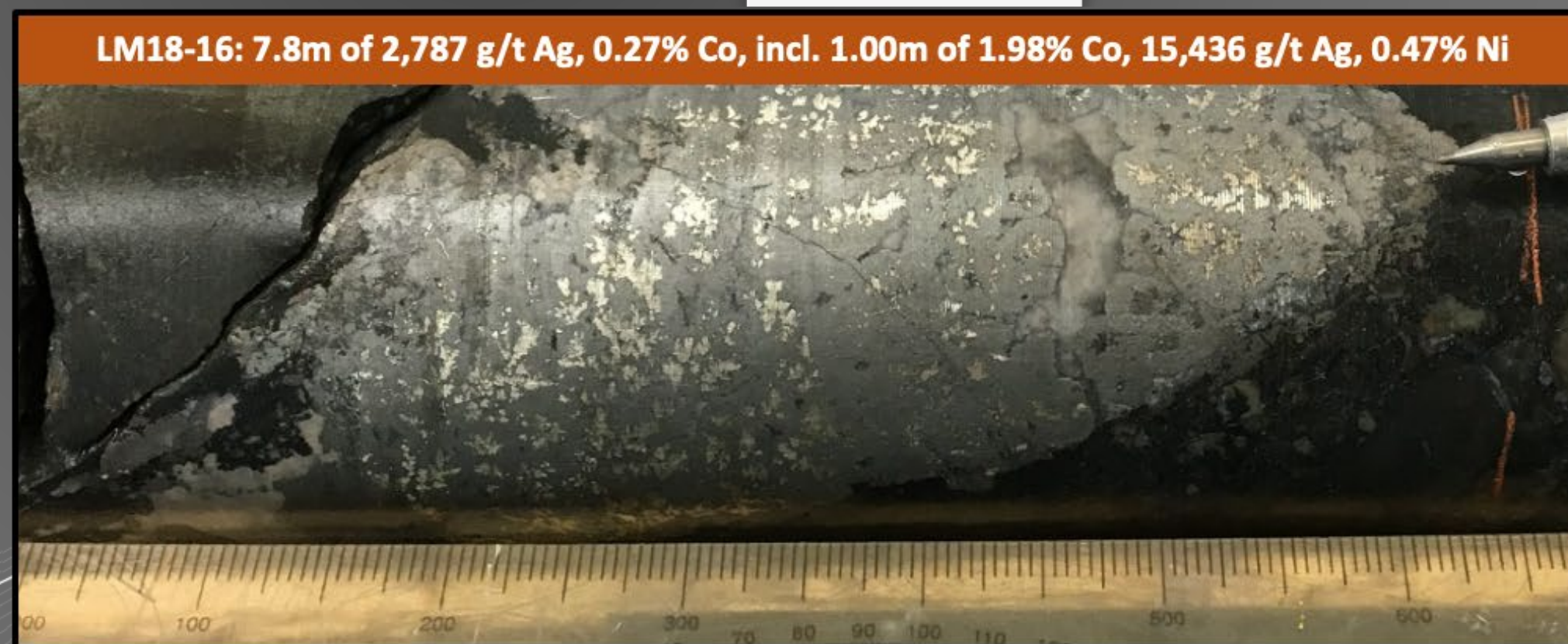
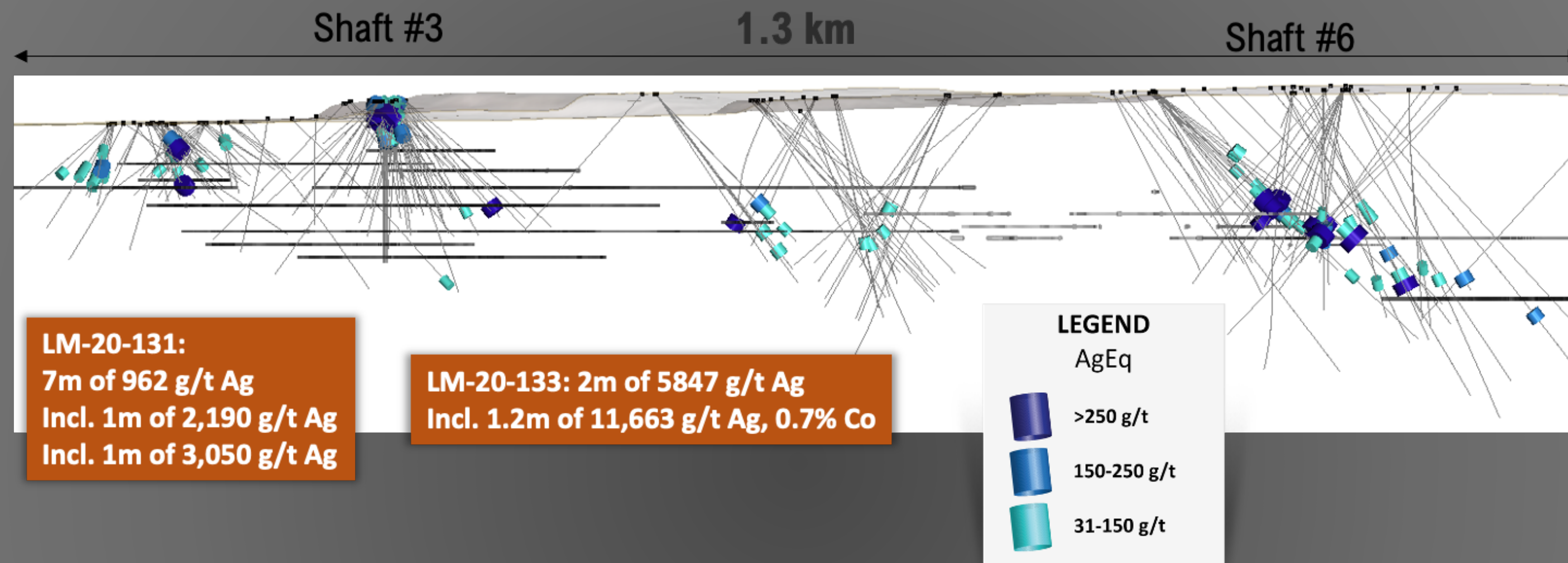


(From 111m to end of hole at 123.35m)

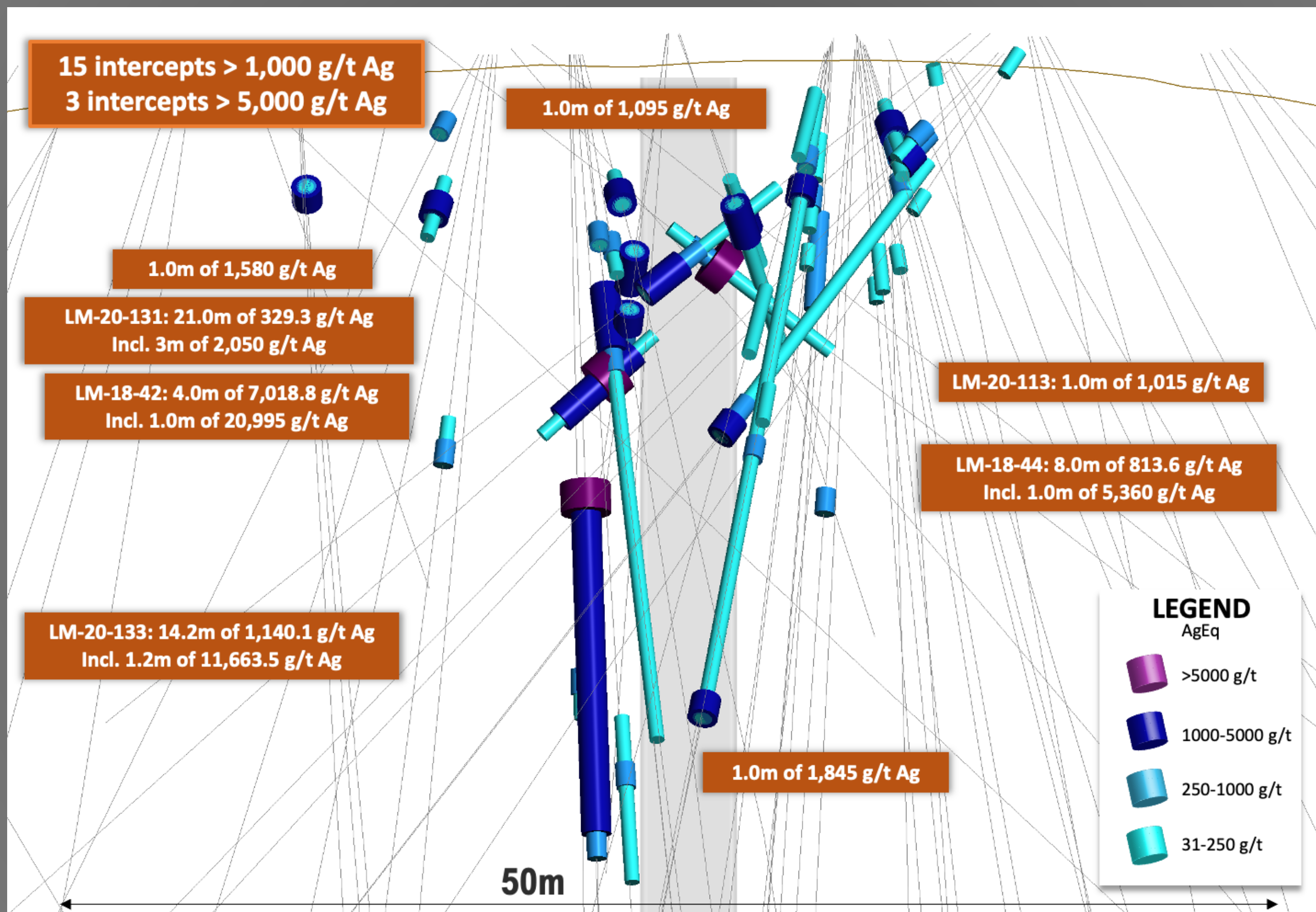


(terminated upon intersecting historic mine working)

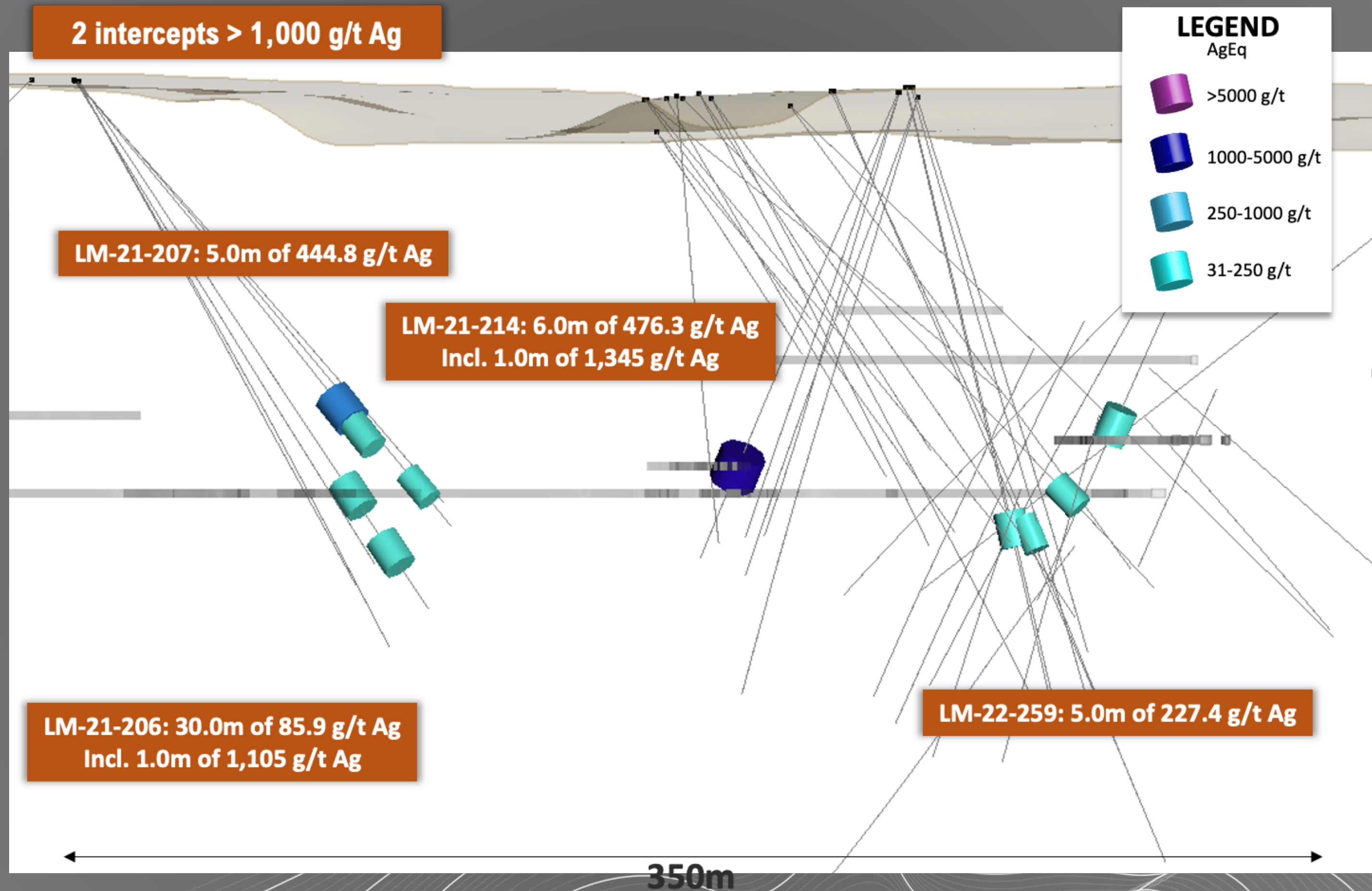
LANGIS DRILLING - SECTION LOOKING NORTH



LANGIS SILVER - SHAFT #3 LOOKING NORTHWEST



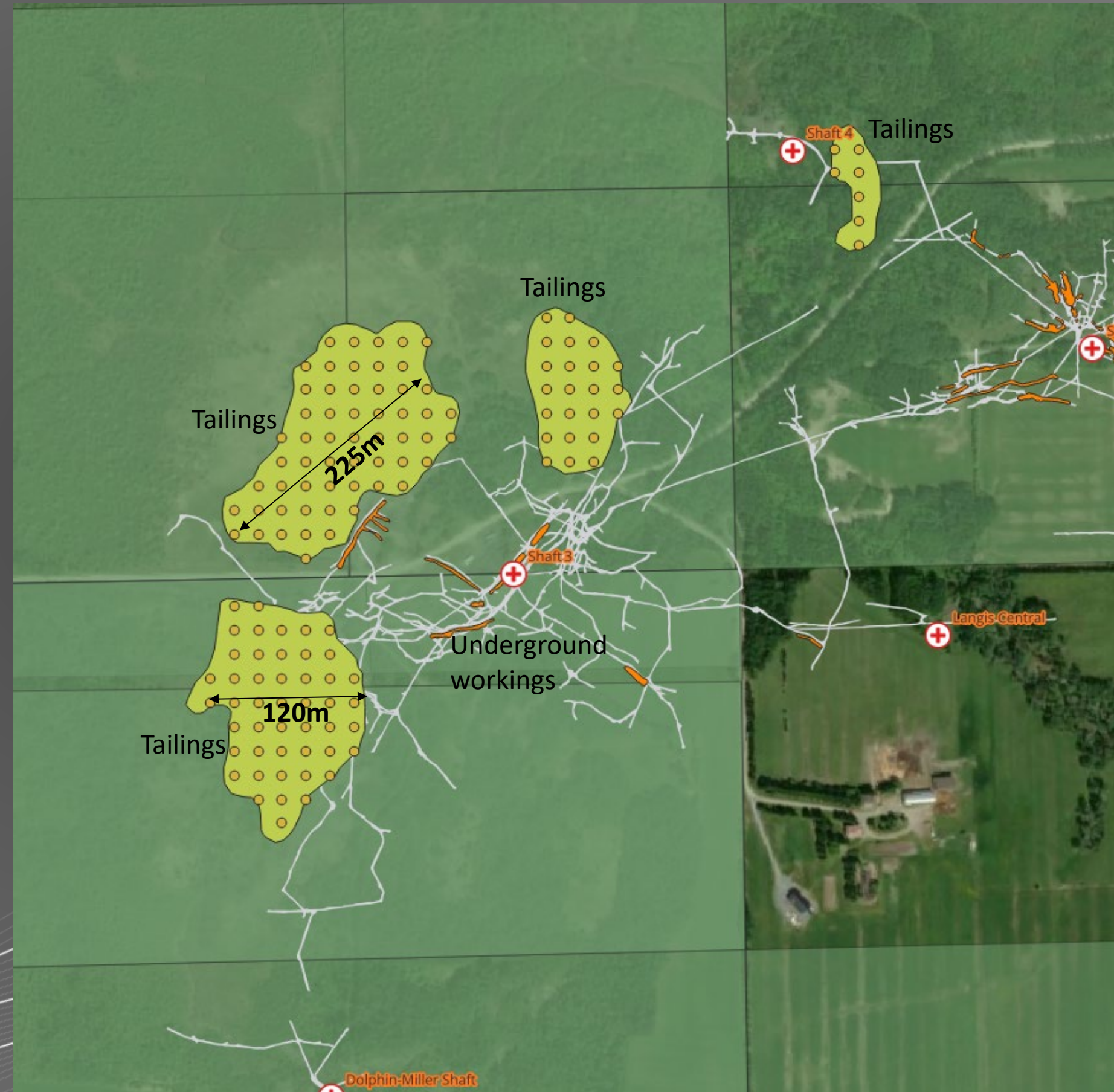
LANGIS SILVER - SHAFT #4 LOOKING NORTHWEST



TAILINGS RECOVERY PROJECT 2026



- Drill 25x25m grid for the Langis tailings assessment
- ~ 402 samples should be sufficient to quantify the silver contained within the tailings (including grade)
- Work starting in May 2026 and anticipating assays by June/July 2026
- Previous grab samples (TAILINGS) have returned between 1.5 to 11 opt silver
- Following the drilling/analysis work initial metallurgical recovery testing work is planned
- Area includes road access and 3-phase power on private patents



EXPLORATION PLAN AT LANGIS



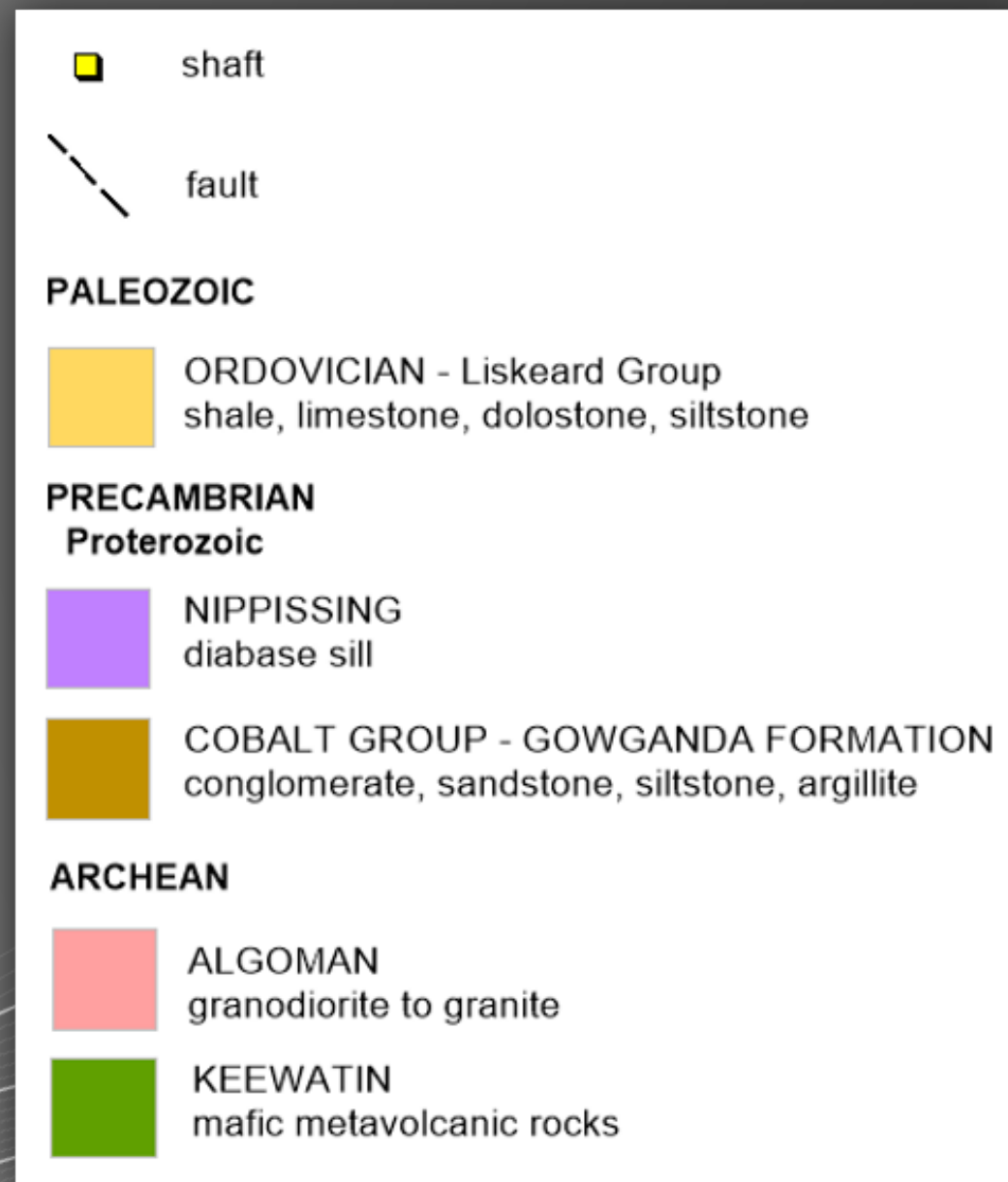
- Continue surface drilling up to 60,000 metres toward a maiden resource
- Exploration Target: 1 - 2 MT at 400 g/t to 800 g/t silver
- Explore for new silver mineralization in and around the historical workings and testing new target areas
- Advance the Langis tailings silver recovery through drilling and metallurgical work
- Cautionary Note on the Exploration Target: the potential quantity and grade is conceptual in nature and there has been insufficient exploration to define a mineral resource and it is uncertain if further exploration will result in the target being delineated as a mineral resource.



Core from LM-20-76: 2m of 702 g/t Ag

HUDSON BAY GEOLOGY

- Hudson Bay Mine historically produced **6.4 Moz Ag at 123 opt**
- The mine operated from 1905-1953
- Silver mineralization hosted within the Archean and Precambrian rocks on the property



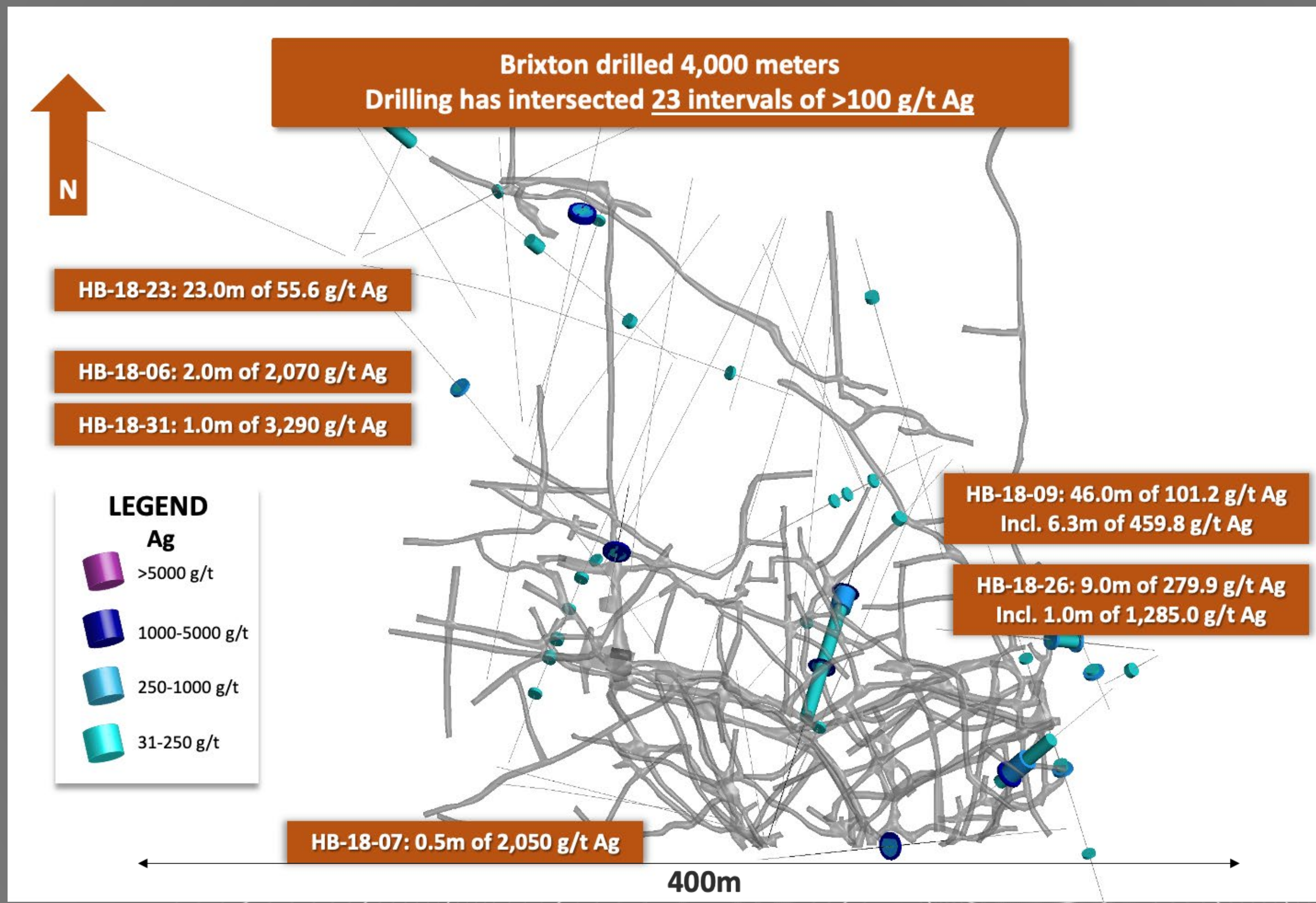
HUDSON BAY MINE



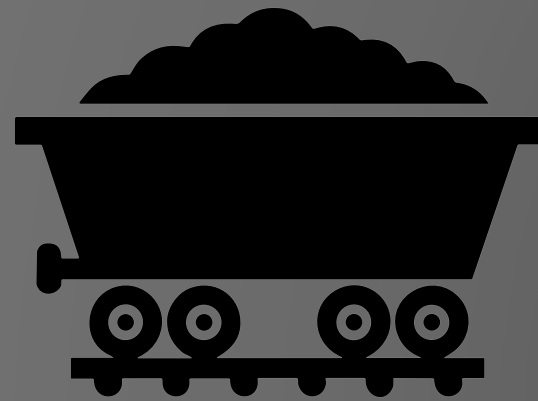
Adjacent to the town of Cobalt. Approximately 3km of underground workings.



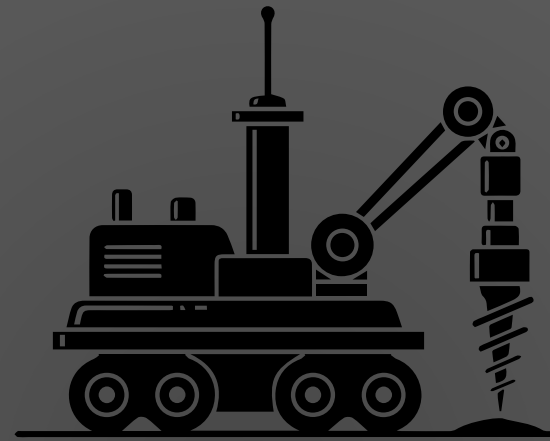
HUDSON BAY DRILLING - PLAN VIEW



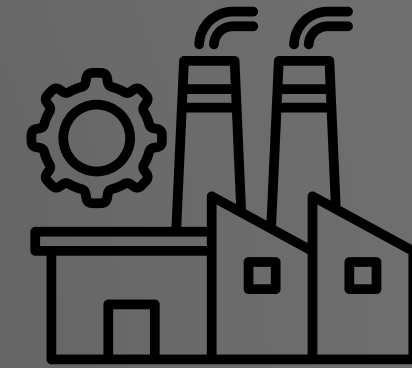
SUMMARY



Two past producing
primary silver mines
in a well-established
mining district



Actively Drilling
60,000m in 2026



Excellent
infrastructure with
low-cost drilling



THANK YOU

TSX-V:BBB | OTCQX:BBXF | FR: 8BX1



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