**Interim Financial Statements** (Unaudited) (Stated in Canadian Dollars)

# Marksmen Capital Inc. March 31, 2009

## NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2009 MARKSMEN CAPITAL INC.

#### Responsibility for Financial Statements

The accompanying financial statements for Marksmen Capital Inc. have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles consistently applied. The most significant of these accounting principles have been set out in the September 30, 2008 audited financial statements. Only changes in accounting information have been disclosed in these financial statements. These statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, a precise determination of many assets and liabilities is dependent upon future events. Therefore, estimates and approximations have been made using careful judgment. Recognizing that the Corporation is responsible for both the integrity and objectivity of the financial statements, management is satisfied that these financial statements have been fairly presented.

Marksmen Capital Inc. (Incorporated under the laws of British Columbia

## **BALANCE SHEET**

(Unaudited)

As at March 31, 2009 (with comparative figures as at September 30, 2008) (Stated in Canadian Dollars)

	March 31 2009 \$	September 30 2008 \$
ASSETS		
Current		
Cash and cash equivalents	166,312	220,384
Accounts receivable	4,727	3,183
Prepaids and deposits	615	268
	171,654	223,835
LIABILITIES Current Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	12,385	27,165
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Share capital Issued		
Common shares [note 3]	265,656	265,656
Share purchase warrants [note 4]	10,724	10,724
Contributed surplus	30,740	30,740
Deficit	(147,851)	(110,450)
Total shareholders' equity	159,269	196,670
	171,654	223,835

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

On behalf of the Board:

"Dan Mechis" Director

"Ewan Downie" Director

## STATEMENT OF EARNINGS AND DEFICIT

(Unaudited)

(Stated in Canadian Dollars)

	Three months ended March 31		Six months ended Marcl	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
	\$	\$	\$	\$
EXPENSES				
Corporate accounting	1,800	-	3,600	-
Corporate secretarial	1,325	-	1,325	-
Filing services	4,146	-	4,483	-
General consulting	-	-	12,693	-
Listing fees	5,000	-	5,000	-
Professional fees	3,539	14,000	5,294	14,000
Transfer agent fees	2,890	-	5,006	-
	18,700	14,000	37,401	14,000
Loss and comprehensiv	e			
loss for period	(18,700)	(14,000)	(37,401)	(14,000)
Deficit, beginning of				
period	(129,151)	-	(110,450)	-
Deficit, end of period	(147,851)	(14,000)	(147,851)	(14,000)
Basic and diluted loss p	er			
share [note 6]	-	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited)

(Stated in Canadian Dollars)

	Three months ended March 31		Six months ended March 31	
	2009 \$	2008 \$	2009 \$	2008 ¢
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Φ	φ	\$
Loss and comprehensive loss for period Net change in non-cash working capital balance	<b>(18,700)</b>	(14,000)	(37,401)	(14,000)
related to operations	(576)	(16,000)	(16,671)	(16,000)
Cash used in operating activities	(19,276)	(30,000)	(54,072)	(30,000)
Decrease in cash during				
period	(19,276)	(30,000)	(54,072)	(30,000)
Cash, beginning of period	185,588	116,200	220,384	116,200
Cash, end of period	166,312	86,200	166,312	86,200

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

For the six months ended March 31, 2009 (with comparative figures as at September 30, 2008) (Stated in Canadian Dollars)

#### **1. NATURE OF BUSINESS AND GOING CONCERN**

Marksmen Capital Inc. (the "Corporation" or "Marksmen") was incorporated under the laws of the Province of British Columbia on March 11, 2008. The Corporation completed an initial public offering and commenced trading on the TSX Venture Exchange (the "TSX-V" or "Exchange") on August 6, 2008 and was classified as a Capital Pool Company ("CPC") as defined in the TSX-V Listings Policy 2.4. As a CPC, the principal business of the Corporation is to complete a Qualifying Transaction ("QT") by identifying and evaluating opportunities for the acquisition of an interest in assets or a business, and subsequently negotiate an acquisition or participation subject to receipt of shareholder approval and acceptance for filing by the Exchange.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the basis of Canadian generally accepted accounting principles applicable to a going concern. The appropriateness of using the going concern basis is dependent upon, among other things, future profitable operations, the ability to realize assets and discharge liabilities in the normal course of business in the foreseeable future and the ability of the Corporation to raise additional capital.

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The unaudited interim financial statements of Marksmen have been prepared by management on the basis of the Corporation's continuance as a going-concern and follow the same accounting policies as the most recent annual audited financial statements except for the changes as noted below. The interim financial statement note disclosures do not include all of those required by Canadian generally accepted accounting principles applicable for annual financial statements. Accordingly, these interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the 2008 audited financial statements.

#### FUTURE ACCOUNTING CHANGES

#### **Convergence with International Financial Reporting Standards**

In 2006, the Canadian Accounting Standards Board ("AcSB") published a new strategic plan that will significantly affect financial reporting requirements for Canadian companies. The AcSB strategic plan outlines the convergence of Canadian GAAP with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) over an expected five-year transitional period. In February 2008, the AcSB announced that 2011 is the transition date for publicly listed companies to implement IFRS, which will replace Canadian GAAP for these types of entities.

The effective date for this change is interim and annual financial statements relating to fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2011. The transition date of January 1, 2011 will require the restatement for comparative purposes of quarterly and annual amounts reported by the Corporation for the year September 30, 2011. The Corporation is in the process of developing a plan for IFRS convergence. Detailed analysis of the differences between IFRS and the Corporation's accounting policies and assessment of the various alternatives for first time adoption of IFRS are in progress. Training for key employees has begun and will continue throughout implementation. Due to the anticipated changes in IFRS prior to transition, it is currently not possible to full determine the impact on the consolidated results.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

For the six months ended March 31, 2009 (with comparative figures as at September 30, 2008) (Stated in Canadian Dollars)

#### Business combinations / consolidated financial statements / non-controlling interests

In January 2009, the CICA adopted sections 1582, "Business Combinations", 1601, "Consolidated Financial Statements", and 1602, "Non-Controlling Interests" which superseded current sections 1581, "Business Combinations" and 1600, "Consolidated Financial Statements". These sections will be applied prospectively to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after January 1, 2011. Earlier adoption is permitted. If an entity applies these sections before January 1, 2011, it is required to disclose that fact and apply each of the new sections concurrently. These new sections were created to converge Canadian GAAP to IFRS.

#### **3. COMMON SHARES**

The Corporation is authorized to issue an unlimited number of voting common shares.

	Number #	Value \$
Balance March 11, 2008		-
Private placements	1,660,000	116,200
Shares issued in initial public offering	1,430,000	200,200
Share issue costs	-	(50,744)
Balance, September 30, 2008	3,090,000	265,656
	-	-
Balance, March 31, 2009	3,090,000	265,656

Of the 3,090,000 common shares issued and outstanding, 1,660,000 are held in escrow in accordance with the policies of the TSX Venture Exchange and may not be released from escrow and traded without the prior written consent of the regulatory authorities.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

For the six months ended March 31, 2009 (with comparative figures as at September 30, 2008) (Stated in Canadian Dollars)

#### **4. SHARE PURCHASE WARRANTS**

The following table reflects the continuity of warrants:

Expiry Date	Exercise	Opening	Warrants	Warrants	Warrants	Closing
	Price	Balance	Issued	Exercised	Expired	Balance
	\$	#	#	#	#	#
August 6, 2010	0.14	143,000	-	-	-	143,000

The fair value of the share purchase warrants has been estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The assumptions used for the valuation of the respective warrants were:

Dividend yield 0%, expected volatility 100%, a risk-free interest rate of 3.50% and an expected life of 24 months. Value assigned to the 143,000 share purchase warrants issued in the previous year was \$10,724.

The following table reflects the value of share purchase warrants currently outstanding:

Warrants	Number #	Value \$
Share purchase warrants, exercisable at \$0.14 and expiring August 6, 2010	143,000	10,724

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

For the six months ended March 31, 2009 (with comparative figures as at September 30, 2008) (Stated in Canadian Dollars)

#### **5. SHARE INCENTIVE PLAN**

The Corporation has a share incentive plan (the "Plan") which is restricted to directors, officers, key employees and consultants of the Corporation. The number of common shares subject to options granted under the Plan (and under all other management options and employee stock purchase plans) is limited to 10% in the aggregate and 5% with respect to any one optionee of the number of issued and outstanding common shares of the Corporation at the date of the grant of the option. Options issued under the Plan may be exercised during a period determined by the Board of Directors which cannot exceed ten years.

The following table reflects the continuity of stock options under the Plan:

	Number of Stock Options #	Weighted Average Exercise Price \$
Balance, September 30, 2008 Options granted	290,000	0.14
Balance, March 31, 2009	290,000	0.14

The following table reflects the stock options outstanding as at March 31, 2009:

Expiry Date	Exercise Price \$	Options Outstanding #
August 6. 2013	0.14	290,000

On August 6, 2008, a total of 290,000 stock options were issued to directors, officers, key employees and certain consultants of the Corporation. All of the 290,000 options issued vested immediately.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

For the six months ended March 31, 2009 (with comparative figures as at September 30, 2008) (Stated in Canadian Dollars)

The Corporation applies the fair value method of accounting for all stock-based compensation awards and accordingly, \$30,740 was recorded as compensation for the 290,000 stock options that vested during the previous year.

For purposes of the options granted, the fair value of each option was estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, with the following assumptions: dividend yield of 0%, expected volatility of 100%, risk-free interest rate of 3.50%, expected life of 5 years vesting immediately.

The following table reflects the continuity of contributed surplus relating to stock options:

	Number of Options #	Amount \$
Balance, September 30, 2008 Options granted Options cancelled	290,000 - -	30,740 - -
Balance, March 31, 2009	2,579,000	2,114,050

#### 6. LOSS PER SHARE

The basic loss per share is computed by dividing the loss for the period by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Fully diluted loss per share is the same as basic loss per share. The effect of common share purchase options and warrants on the net loss is not reflected as to do so would be anti-dilutive.

	2009	2008
Numerator:		
Net loss	(37,401)	(14,000)
Denominator:		
Weighted average number of common shares	2,588,521	1,660,000
Basic and diluted loss per share	(0.01)	(0.01)

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

For the six months ended March 31, 2009 (with comparative figures as at September 30, 2008) (Stated in Canadian Dollars)

#### 7. MANAGEMENT OF CAPITAL RISK

The Corporation's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern in order to pursue its business objectives and to maintain a flexible capital structure which optimises the costs of capital at an acceptable risk. In the management of capital, the Corporation includes the components of shareholders' equity, as well as cash and cash equivalents and investments. The Corporation manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Corporation may attempt to issue new shares, acquire or dispose of assets, or adjust the amount of cash and cash equivalents and investments.

#### 8. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND MANAGEMENT OF FINANCIAL RISK

The Corporation had no held-to-maturity or available for sale instruments and had no allowance for credit losses as at March 31, 2009 and September 30, 2008:

	2009	2008
Financial Assets		
Held for trading, measured at fair value		
Cash and cash equivalents	166,312	220,384
Loans and receivables measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method		
Accounts receivable	4,727	3,183
Financial Liabilities Other liabilities, measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	12,385	27,165

#### (a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of an unexpected loss if a customer or third party to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Corporation manages its credit risk by holding cash equivalents and investments through large Canadian financial institutions. The Corporation's receivables consist of sales taxes due from the Federal Governments of Canada.

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Corporation will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Corporation manages liquidity risk through the management of its capital structure. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities are due within the current operating period.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

For the six months ended March 31, 2009 (with comparative figures as at September 30, 2008) (Stated in Canadian Dollars)

#### (c) Fair Value

Financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities. The fair value of these financial instruments approximate their carrying value, unless otherwise noted, due to the short terms to maturity.

#### 9. RELATED PARTIES

Included in expenses are amounts totalling \$3,600 (2008 - \$1,800) for accounting services and facilities related charges provided by The Alyris Group, a company related to the Corporation through a common directorship. The amounts are recorded at the exchange amount agreed to by the parties.